# Introduction to Complexity (Spring 2013) 9.7 Submit Unit 9 Homework » Unit 9 Homework

#### Instructions 1

A PDF version of this homework is on the Course Materials page. (Please re-download it if you downloaded it before May 9.)

This homework has no ungraded part.

## Question 2

Consider the log-log plot of earthquake magnitudes recorded worldwide, given in the PDF version of Unit 9 Homework (http://s3.amazonaws.com/complexityexplorer/Unit9Homework.pdf).

Which of the following is true, given the data in the plot?

- There are about 2 times as many magnitude 4 earthquakes as magnitude 5 earthquakes.
- There are about 10 times as many magnitude 4 earthquakes as magnitude 5 earthquakes.
- There are about 100 times as many magnitude 4 earthquakes as magnitude 5 earthquakes.

## Question 3

Zipf's law predicts that in a given text (in any natural language), that the frequency of a word in the text is proportional to the inverse word's rank (where the most frequent word has rank 1, the second most frequent word has rank 2, etc.):

Frequency of word is proportional to 1 / rank.

Thus, Zipf's law predicts which of the following:

- The most frequent word will appear 10 times more often than the second most frequent word.
- $\circ~$  The most frequent word will appear twice as often as the second most frequent word.
- The most frequent word will appear five times as often as the second most frequent word.

## Question 4

The surface hypothesis states that that metabolic rate is proportional to mass $^{2/3}$  (.e., mass to the 2/3 power).

For this question, assume that

metabolic rate (in calories per day) =  $90 * mass^{2/3}$  (in kilograms).

Using a calculator or PowerLawCalculator.nlogo (from the Course Materials page), use this formula to find the predicted metabolic I kg human.

[Hint: In the PowerLawCalculator, set C to 90, X to 70, and alpha to 0.667]

- About 1531 calories per day
- About 2040 calories per day
- About 900 calories per day

## Question 5

Kleiber's law states that metabolic rate is proportional to mass $^{3/4}$ . For this question, assume that

metabolic rate (in calories per day) =  $90 * mass^{3/4}$  (in kilograms).

Using a calculator or PowerLawCalculator.nlogo (from the Course Materials page), use this formula to find the predicted metabolic I kg human.

[Hint: In the PowerLawCalculator, set C to 90, X to 70, and alpha to 0.75]

- About 2178 calories per day
- About 3025 calories per day
- About 1974 calories per day

## Question 6

Which of the following is implied if Keliber's law is true?

- A mouse and a human will have the same metabolic rate.
- A 70 kg human has a higher metabolic rate than the surface hypothesis would predict.
- · None of the above.

## Question 7

Another observed scaling law mentioned in the lectures is that heart rate is proportional to mass raised to the -1/4 power. For this assume that

heart rate (beats per minute) =  $C * mass^{-1/4}$  (in kilograms).

where C is a constant.

Using a calculator or PowerLawCalculator.nlogo, find the constant C such that a 70 kg human will have heart rate approximately 70 minute.

[Hint: You can do this either via trial and error, or by solving an equation. In PowerLawCalculator.nlogo, set X to 70, alpha to -0.25, experiment with different values of C)

Which of these is correct?

- C is about 100
- C is about 200
- C is about 300

## Question 8

Using the same value of C that you found for question 6, find the predicted heart rate in beats per minute of a 7 kg dog.

- About 123 beats per minute
- About 155 beats per minute
- About 203 beats per minute